
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

**REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16
UNDER THE U.S. SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the month of April 2022

Commission File No. 001-39693

Triterras, Inc.

(Name of registrant)

**9 Raffles Place, #23-04 Republic Plaza
Singapore 048619**

(Address of principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.
Form 20-F Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101 (b) (1):

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101 (b) (7):

Forward Looking Statements

This Report on Form 6-K includes “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the “safe harbor” provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Our actual results may differ from their expectations, estimates and projections and consequently, you should not rely on these forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. Words such as “expect,” “estimate,” “project,” “budget,” “forecast,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “plan,” “may,” “will,” “could,” “should,” “believes,” “predicts,” “potential,” “continue,” and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include, without limitation, our expectations with respect to future performance and anticipated financial impacts. These forward-looking statements involve significant risks and uncertainties that could cause the actual results to differ materially from the expected results. Most of these factors are outside our control and are difficult to predict. Factors that may cause such differences include, but are not limited to risks and uncertainties incorporated by reference under “Risk Factors” in the Registrant’s Form 20-F (001-39693) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) on March 7, 2022 (the “Form 20-F”) and in the Registrant’s other filings with the SEC. The Registrant cautions that the foregoing factors are not exclusive. The Registrant cautions readers not to place undue reliance upon any forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made. The Registrant does not undertake or accept any obligation or undertaking to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statements to reflect any change in its expectations or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

EXHIBIT INDEX

<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Description</u>
99.1	<u>Operating and Financial Review of Triterras Inc. and its subsidiaries, for the six months ended August 31, 2021 and 2020.</u>
99.2	<u>Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited) of Triterras Inc. and its subsidiaries, as of August 31, 2021 and February 28, 2021 and for the six months ended August 31, 2021 and 2020.</u>

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: April 20, 2022

Triterras, Inc.

By: /s/ Srinivas Koneru
Name: Srinivas Koneru
Title: Director, Executive Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW OF TRITERRAS INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES.

The following discussion and analysis is intended to help investors understand the significant factors affecting our results of operations, financial condition, liquidity and capital resources. You should read this discussion together with our unaudited financial statements and related notes in Exhibit 99.2 of this Form 6-K. Also read our audited consolidated financial statements and related notes included in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2021 (“2021 Form 20-F”). The following discussion and analysis contain forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates and beliefs. Actual results could differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements. See “Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements” and “Risk Factors” in the 2021 Form 20-F.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of our unaudited consolidated financial statements as of August 31, 2021 and for the six months ended August 31, 2021 and August 31, 2020.

Our interim results of operations are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full fiscal year.

Overview

We facilitate trading, trade finance, supply chain financing and the provision of credit insurance by insurers, for small to medium-sized enterprises (“SMEs”) using Kratos™, our internally developed innovative blockchain-enabled technology platform. Kratos™ is a diversified platform built to address the needs of SMEs in the trading and trade finance community by connecting traders and lenders and enabling them to transact online, solving mission critical problems for this historically underserved market. Kratos™ enables SMEs and other parties to trade and find short term trade financing for their purchases while in transit and prior to delivery. We believe Kratos™ is one of the world’s first large-scale (as measured by Total Transaction Volume, as defined below) blockchain-enabled trade and trade finance platforms and provides us with a first mover advantage to address the complexities and challenges in trade and finance for SMEs.

Unless stated otherwise or unless the context otherwise requires, (i) references herein to the “Company” are to Triterras, Inc., whereas references herein to “Group,” “Triterras,” “we,” “us,” or “our” are to Triterras, Inc. and its subsidiaries; and (ii) all amounts presented herein are in U.S. Dollars.

A. Operating Results

Key Operating Metrics

We evaluate our performance through key operating metrics, including:

- The dollar volume of trades and the trade finance transactions facilitated by the Kratos™ Platform (“Total Transaction Volume”);
- The dollar volume of trades facilitated by the Kratos™ Platform (“Transaction Volume”) is a function of the number of clients and the frequency by which they transact on our platform, and to some extent commodity prices;
- The dollar volume of trade finance transactions facilitated by the Kratos™ Platform (“Trade Finance Volume”) is a function of the availability of funding at competitive rates provided by our lender clients on our platform, and can be impacted by the availability of credit insurance. Trade Finance Volume is primarily driven by Transaction Volume, though a small portion of Trade Finance Volume can be due to transactions that are not processed by the Trade Finance sub-module;

- The ratio of Trade Finance Volume to Transaction Volume (“Financing Ratio”), approximates the rate at which our Trade Discovery sub-module users seek financing via our Trade Finance sub-module; and
- “Average Transaction Fees” charged for both the Trade Discovery sub-module and Trade Finance sub-module. In the medium term we expect transaction fees to moderately decrease due to competitive pressures, which we expect will be offset by increasing Total Transaction Volume.

The table below sets forth our Total Transaction Volume, Average Transaction Fee and Financing Ratio for the periods indicated:

	Six months ended August 31, 2021	Six months ended August 31, 2020
Total Transaction Volume (in millions)	\$ 4,033.9	\$ 4,968.5
Average Transaction Fee (%)	0.57	0.48
Financing Ratio (%)	36.4	21.4

Kratos™ and COVID-19

The COVID-19 pandemic has impacted the business of some of our original customers more than others of our customers and, correspondingly, is resulting in a changing composition of our customer base, and we believe that this will continue for some months into the future as original customers are being replaced by the entrance of new customers. This changing composition of our customer base will impact our existing business as our newer customers become more and more reliant on the benefits of participation on our platform.

Trends impacting revenue, which are impacting SME traders, include supply chain disruption from COVID-19, reduced availability and increased premium rates for trade credit insurance, reduced liquidity and financial difficulties in the trade finance marketplace, reduced trading activity, and business suspensions and liquidations.

Factors Affecting Our Results of Operations

We believe the following key factors and market trends affected our results of operations for the periods presented and expect that such factors and trends may continue to affect our results of operations in the future.

Usage of the Kratos™ Platform

Kratos™ was developed to provide customers with an easy and efficient platform to address all aspects of the purchase, including trading, trade finance, insurance and logistics, making it a potentially captive environment for users. We believe that the captive nature of the Kratos™ platform will enable it to become quickly accepted by the marketplace and provide a significant competitive advantage compared to traditional market participants. As the Kratos™ platform becomes more accepted, we believe it will drive, possibly exponentially, Transaction Volume on Kratos™, which is the key driver of our revenue because it not only drives Transaction Fees it also primarily drives our Trade Finance Volume, which drives Trade Finance Fees.

Wide-spread market acceptance of Kratos™ and the continuing introduction of new modules and enhancement of existing modules, which are expected to create new revenue streams, also have the potential to drive significant increases in our revenues. On September 23, 2020, the Group announced the introduction of an Insurance module and on January 8, 2021 the Group announced the introduction of a Logistics module. If usage of Kratos™ does not increase as quickly as we believe it will, it could adversely impact our revenue growth rates. Increased usage of the Kratos™ platform

and its service offerings will be dependent in part on our ability to include functionality and usability that address customer requirements, and optimally price our products and services to meet customer demand and cover our costs.

Prices and the Volume of Products Sold

Our revenues and results of operations for any given period are driven by the Transaction Volume of products purchased and sold by Kratos™ users during the period on the platform's Trade Discovery sub-module, because in addition to Transaction Fees we earn, this also primarily drives our Trade Finance Volume and the Trade Finance Fees we earn. While a decline in product prices will not lead to a loss for us, as the facilitator of trade transactions, any decrease in product prices, assuming no change in the quantity of the product transacted, would result in a proportional decrease to our platform fee. Furthermore, significant fluctuations in a product's price could affect such consumption and trading volumes in general, which in turn could have a significant adverse effect on our results of operations. Product prices and the volumes produced and sold are influenced by many factors, including the supply and demand of, speculative activities by market participants, global political and economic conditions and related industry cycles and production costs in major producing countries. Prices may move in response to changes in production capacity in a particular market, for example as a new asset comes online or when a large producer experiences difficult operational issues or is impacted by a natural disaster or by international hostilities.

Availability of Financing Sources

Our ability to facilitate trade financing and earn fee revenue from our Trade Finance sub-module is entirely dependent on the willingness of lenders and traders using the Trade Finance sub-module to finance the transactions and provide trade credit. As a result, the availability of financing from lenders using the Trade Finance sub-module is a key driver of our overall business and results of operations. Some lenders are only willing to provide trade financing where credit insurance is available, so Trade Finance Volume is also linked to the cost and availability of credit insurance.

Through the IB Holdings acquisition (which is described below), the Group provides supply chain financing which consists of the financing of inventory and trade receivables.

Completion of the Business Combination

On July 29, 2020, the Company (formerly Netfin Holdco), Netfin Acquisition Corp., a Cayman Islands exempted company ("Netfin"), MVR Netfin LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, as the representative of Netfin as of such date and immediately prior to the closing of the Business Combination (as defined below), Netfin Merger Sub, a Cayman Islands exempted company and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company ("Netfin Merger Sub"), Symphonia Strategic Opportunities Limited, a Mauritius private company limited by shares ("SSOL"), and IKON Strategic Holdings Fund, a Cayman Islands exempted company (together with SSOL, the "Sellers"), entered into a Business Combination Agreement, pursuant to which, among other things, (i) the Sellers agreed to sell to the Company all of issued and outstanding ordinary shares of Triterras Fintech Pte. Ltd. ("Fintech") in exchange for an aggregate of \$60,000,000 in cash, 51,622,419 Ordinary Shares of the Company, and up to an additional 15,000,000 Ordinary Shares of the Company (upon the Company meeting certain financial or share price thresholds); and (ii) Netfin Merger Sub agreed to merge with and into Netfin, with Netfin being the surviving corporation and a wholly owned direct subsidiary of the Company following the merger (the transactions described in subclauses (i) and (ii) above, collectively, the "Business Combination"). The Business Combination was consummated on November 10, 2020, and we have generated non-operating income in the form of interest income on cash and cash equivalents and other investments upon completion of the Business Combination in connection therewith. Since the completion of the Business Combination, we have incurred increased expenses as a result of being a public company (including, for legal, financial reporting, and compliance) and no longer have the benefit of accumulated tax losses from our formerly related parties. Our expenses have increased substantially since the closing of the Business Combination.

Pursuant to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), the Business Combination was accounted for as the continuance of Fintech with recognition of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed of Netfin at fair value. Operations prior to the Business Combination will be those of Fintech from an accounting point of view.

Read the Company's Shell Company Report on *Form 20-F* filed by the Company with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") November 16, 2020, for a further discussion of the Business Combination.

We believe that the following key factors will also affect our results of operations in the future.

Delisting of the Company's Securities

On February 1, 2022, the Company received notice from Nasdaq Staff stating that the Nasdaq Hearings Panel (the "Panel") had denied the Company's appeal of the Staff's determination to delist and suspend trading of the Company's securities on Nasdaq. With the Panel's decision having been rendered, trading in the ordinary shares of the Company, par value \$0.0001 per share ("Ordinary Shares") and the warrants issued by the Company, each of which entitle the holder thereof to purchase for \$11.50 per share one Ordinary Share (subject to adjustment in accordance with the Warrant Agreement) ("Triterras Warrants") on Nasdaq was suspended effective with the open of business on February 3, 2022.

The Company initially elected to appeal the Panel's decision to the Nasdaq Listing and Hearing Review Council (the "Listing Council") within the applicable 15-day appeal period. However, the Company withdrew the appeal, and instead, will focus on the relisting of the Ordinary Shares and the Triterras Warrants on Nasdaq as soon as practicable through the normal application process. The Company will work with external advisors to address the listing requirements of Nasdaq, including financial, liquidity and corporate governance standards. However, there can be no assurance that a market for the Company's securities will develop. The Company is also contemplating listing of its Ordinary Shares and Triterras Warrants on the OTCQX marketplace as an interim measure while addressing the possible relisting with Nasdaq.

On March 14, 2022, Nasdaq delisted the Company's Ordinary Shares and Triterras Warrants by filing a Form 25 Notification of Removal From Listing with the SEC.

The delisting of the Company's securities by Nasdaq may adversely influence a current or potential customer's decision to use (or continue using) the Kratos™ platform which could have a negative impact on the Company's results of operations and cash flows.

Recent Expansion of Kratos™ Offering

We believe that the attractiveness of the Kratos platform is and will be the ability to bring together the entire trading and trade finance ecosystem of buyers, sellers, traders, financiers, insurers and logistics providers to facilitate trading and trade finance. We will need to continue to expand our product offerings. Recent additions include Insurance and Logistic modules.

The Insurance module provides Kratos™ traders access to initiate inquiries, get quotes and sign up for insurance coverage directly with leading insurers.

The Logistics module digitizes key information to enable shipbrokers, operators and shipowners to do business together with their trading partners, within the Kratos™ digital platform. The module eliminates the redundancies of paper-and-mail based legacy systems and helps the counterparties to better manage their assets and maximize decision making. The Group does not currently plan to charge a fee for users that source logistics services on Kratos™ but believe the availability of logistics on Kratos™ will drive increased Transaction Volume and user growth.

Our Supply Chain Finance module expands Kratos™ beyond commodities focusing on the SME suppliers of large "anchor" buyers. The lender will provide immediate payment at the request of such suppliers who have otherwise offered deferred payment terms to the anchor buyer. We plan to charge suppliers that opt for supply chain finance a sourcing fee based on the amount financed. Post our purchase of IB Holdings, our Supply Chain Finance Module is currently undergoing enhancements and a modernised version is planned to be offered from the third quarter of 2022.

Acquisition of all of the Outstanding Share Capital of IB Holdings LTD and Techfin Solutions FZCO.

On May 20, 2021, Fintech entered into a Share Purchase Agreement (the “Purchase Agreement”) to acquire all of the outstanding share capital of IB Holdings LTD (the “IB Holdings” or “Invoice Bazaar”), a privately-held United Arab Emirates-based supply chain finance company with operations in the United Arab Emirates and offices in Dubai and India, along with all of the share capital of Techfin Solutions FZCO (“Techfin”), a 99%-owned subsidiary of IB Holdings.

Pursuant to the Purchase Agreement, by and among Fintech and the individuals listed in Schedule 1 thereto as sellers (the “IB Sellers”), Fintech agreed to acquire all of the shares of IB Holdings and Techfin for (i) an initial cash payment of \$4.0 million, (ii) deferred cash consideration of \$2.0 million payable in two \$1.0 million tranches upon the earlier of each of the first and second anniversary of the initial cash payment, or the achievement of cumulative revenue milestones and (iii) up to \$2.0 million in earn-out consideration, subject to achievement of certain revenue milestones and continued service with IB Holdings of certain members of the IB Holdings’ founding team. The IB Sellers will be additionally entitled to receive a portion of the proceeds of any sale of e-commerce business by Fintech within 24 months of the closing of the Acquisition.

With Invoice Bazaar the Group provides an alternative form of financing on the Kratos™ platform which we believe will increase utilization and diversify our innovative offerings.

Investment into a Cayman Islands fund, Trade Credit Partners Ltd.

The Company subscribed to the shares in Trade Credit Partners Ltd., a Cayman Islands exempted fund that exclusively invests in and manages trade finance assets (“Trade Credit Partners”), for the sum of \$15 million in August 2021 and subsequently in September 2021, subscribed a further \$10 million into the said fund. The parties’ endeavor to execute transactions on Kratos™. The Company believes that this strategic investment is in line with its business strategy to evolve its business and will help attract new customers on the Kratos™ platform.

The level of investment in Trade Credit Partners has caused the Company to temporarily fall within the scope of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “Investment Company Act”). The Investment Company Act provides that inadvertent or transient investment companies will not be treated as investment companies subject to the provisions of the Investment Company Act, provided the issuer has the bona fide intent to be engaged in a non-investment business. The Company intends to reduce its investment in Trade Credit Partners to a level where the Company will not be required to comply with the Investment Company Act. Read “*Risk Factors*” in the Company’s 2021 Form 20-F for a discussion of the triggering events leading to the Company becoming subject to the Investment Company Act and what action the Company intends to take so as not to become subject to the Investment Company Act.

On an ongoing basis, the Company will conduct periodic testing prior to our acquisition or investment of assets, to ensure that the Company will not be deemed to be primarily engaged in an investment company business.

Class-Action Lawsuit

On December 21, 2020, a class action complaint (under the caption *Ferraiori v. Triterras, Inc., et al.*, Case No. 7:20-cv-10795) was filed in the United States District Court of the Southern District of New York (the “Court”) against the Company, Mr. Srinivas Koneru and Mr. Marat Rosenberg for alleged violations of U.S. federal securities laws. On July 1, 2021, an amended class action complaint was filed (under the caption *Erlandson and Norris v. Triterras, Inc., et al.*, Case No. 7:20-cv-10795-CS) (the “Action”) against the Company, Mr. Srinivas Koneru, Mr. Marat Rosenberg, Netfin, Fintech, MVR Netfin LLC, Mr. Richard Maurer, Mr. Vadim Komissarov, Mr. Gerald Pascale, Mr. James H. Groh, Sr., Mr. Alvin Tan, Mr. John A. Galani, Mr. Matthew Richards, Ms. Vanessa Slowey and Mr. Kenneth Stratton. The amended class action complaint is based on alleged undisclosed facts and misrepresentations made by the above-named defendants from June 29, 2020 to January 14, 2021.

The complaint seeks unspecified damages, rescission or rescissory damages, attorneys' fees and other costs and further relief as the court may find just and proper.

On February 4, 2022, counsel for plaintiffs in this action informed the Court that the parties had reached an agreement in principle to resolve the matter. The parties are currently in the process of negotiating a settlement agreement, and it is expected that plaintiffs' counsel will file a motion for preliminary approval of the settlement. However, no assurance can be given that the parties will be able to negotiate and execute a settlement agreement acceptable to each of them. The Company has made a provision for litigation costs related to this matter.

Share Repurchases

On January 18, 2021, the Company announced a share repurchase program of up to \$50.0 million of its ordinary shares and it commenced the program on February 12, 2021. On April 20, 2021, the Company completed its share repurchase program, having spent a total of \$49.9 million repurchasing 6,671,788 of its ordinary shares and incurring commission fees of \$133,000. The weighted average number of treasury shares for the six months ended August 31, 2021 was 4,316,861.

Business Segment

The Group operates a single operating segment, the trading platform business. The activities of the operating segment have similar economic characteristic. The internal financial information provided to the Group's chief operating decision maker, the Group's CEO, is of the trading platform business. The Group has concluded that the trading platform business is the Group's only reportable operating segment.

We foresee that we will have a second reportable operating segment as a result of the acquisition of IB Holdings, the results of which are immaterial for the six months ended August 31, 2021.

Results of Operations

The results of operations presented below should be reviewed in conjunction with our financial statements and related notes in Exhibit 99.2. The following table sets forth our results of operations for the periods indicated:

	Six months ended August 31, 2021	Six months ended August 31, 2020
Revenue	\$ 22,878,504	\$ 23,692,234
Costs and expenses:		
Cost of revenue	(1,343,505)	(2,582,339)
Marketing and sales	(953,108)	(1,554,348)
General and administrative	(14,063,733)	(2,259,696)
Impairment loss on trade receivables	(3,864,116)	—
Total costs and expenses	(20,224,462)	(6,396,383)
Results from operating activities	2,654,042	17,295,851
Other income	1,320	—
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	25,317,732	—
Finance income	6,538	10
Finance cost	(58,732)	(70,367)
Net finance cost	(52,194)	(70,357)
Profit before income tax	27,920,900	17,225,494
Income tax expense	(643,940)	(3,017,443)
Profit for the period	27,276,960	14,208,051
Profit attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	27,276,569	14,208,051
Non-controlling interests	391	—
	<u>\$ 27,276,960</u>	<u>\$ 14,208,051</u>
Earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the Company		
- Basic and diluted	\$ 0.35	\$ 2.84

Revenue

The table below sets forth details of our revenue for the periods indicated.

	Six months ended August 31, 2021	Six months ended August 31, 2020	%
			increase
Platform service fees	\$ 22,853,296	\$ 23,680,379	-3.5%
License fees	10,979	11,855	-7.4%
Interest income	14,229	-	not applicable
Total revenue	<u>\$ 22,878,504</u>	<u>\$ 23,692,234</u>	

Our revenue is primarily derived from platform service fees from both the “Trade Discovery” sub-module and the “Trade Finance” sub-module of the Kratos™ platform, as well as revenue from license fees and interest income. Interest income relates to trade receivable and inventory financing from an Invoice Bazaar service offering.

Our revenue decreased by approximately \$0.8 million, or 3.4%, to \$22.9 million for the six months ended August 31, 2021 compared to \$23.7 million for the corresponding period last year. Please read below for a discussion of the factors affecting the Group's revenue. Invoice Bazaar did not have a material impact on the Group's revenue for the six months ended August 31, 2021.

Impacting the amount of revenue recognized for the six months ended August 31, 2021 compared to the corresponding period last year was a decrease of approximately \$0.9 billion, or 18.8% in total transaction volume to \$4.0 billion compared to \$5.0 billion for the corresponding period last year. The decrease in transaction volume was primarily due to the impact the COVID-19 pandemic had on our customers as discussed above.

Platform service fees decreased by \$0.8 million, or 3.5%, to \$22.9 million for the six months ended August 31, 2021 compared to \$23.7 million for the corresponding period last year. Offsetting the impact on revenue from the decrease in Total Transaction Volume was an increase in Average Transaction Fee to 0.57% for the six months ended August 31, 2021 compared to 0.48% for the corresponding period last year. The increase in Average Transaction Fee was primarily related to an increase in the Financing Ratio to 36.4 % for the six months ended August 31, 2021 compared to 21.4% for the corresponding period last year, as more customers using the Trade Discovery sub-module sought financing via our Trade Finance sub-module.

For the six months ended August 31, 2020, revenue generated from services provided to related parties, namely Antanium Resources (previously known as Rhodium) and its subsidiaries was \$3.7 million. Since the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended February 28, 2021, there have been no further transactions entered into on the Kratos™ platform by Antanium Resources and there are no due/to from balances with Antanium Resources.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue consists primarily of expenses associated with delivery of the Kratos™ platform and services. These include expenses related to operation of the Kratos™ platform, cloud management service fees and bandwidth costs. Our cost of revenue decreased by \$1.2 million or 48% to \$1.3 million for the six months ended August 31, 2021 compared to \$2.6 million for the six months ended August 31, 2020. Driving the decrease in costs was a reduction in operating costs of the Kratos™ platform offset by an increase in cloud management services costs. Invoice Bazaar did not have a material impact on the Group's cost of revenue for the six months ended August 31, 2021.

Marketing and Sales

Marketing and sales expenses include the engagement of consultants to support our marketing, sales and business development efforts and commission fees paid in relation to the referral of customers. The commission fees relate to an agreement with an external party to pay commission fees for every successful customer referral upon signing of the subscription agreement of 3 years. These costs are capitalized as they are directly attributable to obtaining a customer's contract. The contract costs are amortized over the subscription period of 3 years.

Our marketing and sales expenses decreased by \$0.6 million or 38.7% to \$0.9 million for the six months ended August 31, 2021 compared to \$1.6 million for the six months ended August 31, 2020. The decrease in marketing and sales expenses primarily relates to a reduction in consulting expenses offset in part by an increase in marketing and promotional expenditures. Invoice Bazaar did not have a material impact on the Group's marketing and sales expenses for the six months ended August 31, 2021.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expenses primarily consist of (i) staff costs (including salaries, benefits and related items), (ii) legal fees (primarily litigation related activities), (iii) management fees (which relate to staff costs, accounting and administrative support services and office space recharges from the intermediate holding company), (iv) professional fees (including fees for lawyers and auditors), (v) consultancy fees, (vi) director and committee fees and (vii) depreciation of right-of-use assets.

Our general and administrative expenses increased by \$11.8 million, or 522.4%, to \$14.1 million for the six months ended August 31, 2021 compared to \$2.3 million for the six months ended August 31, 2020. Please read below for a discussion of the factors affecting the Group's general and administrative expenses. Invoice Bazaar did not have a material impact on the Group's general and administrative expenses for the six months ended August 31, 2021.

- Staff costs increased by approximately \$5.5 million to \$5.8 million for the six months ended August 31, 2021 compared to \$0.2 million for the six months ended August 31, 2020. The increase was primarily due to additional staff hires to support the Group's growth along with reporting and compliance activities associated with being a public company. Personnel related to staff costs previously included in management fee (see below) for the six months ended August 31, 2020 are included in staff costs for the six months ended August 31, 2021.
- Management fees for the six months ended August 31, 2021 were zero compared to \$1.6 million for the six months ended August 31, 2020. Management fees relate to staff costs, accounting and administrative support services and office space recharges from related parties. The key management personnel were transferred to Triterras subsequent to the Business Combination.
- Legal fees were \$5.2 million for the six months ended August 31, 2021 compared to zero for the six months ended August 31, 2020. Legal fees are primarily related to litigation related activities and the independent investigation conducted by the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors.
- Professional fees increased by \$0.1 million to \$0.3 million for the six months ended August 31, 2021 compared to \$0.2 million for the six months ended August 31, 2020. The increase was primarily due to compliance related activities.
- Consultancy fees increased by \$1.4 million to \$1.6 million for the six months ended August 31, 2021 compared to \$0.2 million for the six months ended August 31, 2020. The increase was primarily related to investor relations, general business litigation, the independent investigation and compliance support to address procedures and processes applicable to public companies.
- Director and committee fees were \$0.6 million for the six months ended August 31, 2021 compared to zero for the six months ended August 31, 2020.
- Depreciation of right-of-use assets was \$0.3 million for the six months ended August 31, 2021 compared to \$13,802 for the six months ended August 31, 2020.

The increase in general and administrative expenses are primarily attributable to activities associated with operating as a public company (including implementing additional procedures and processes for the purpose of addressing the standards and requirements applicable to public companies), on-going general corporate, regulatory and legal compliance requirements and the retention of external advisors in connection with the independent investigation, and the class action lawsuit. The Company will continue to incur additional expenses as it takes steps to relist its securities on a public exchange, defend the class action lawsuit and complete the independent investigation.

On October 28, 2021, the Company issued a press release announcing the completion of the independent investigation where the Company's Audit Committee concluded that the allegations contained in the short report lack either factual support or material basis.

Impairment Loss on Trade Receivables

Impairment loss on trade receivables consists of impairments of past due receivables for services provided by the Kratos™ platform, which are invoiced to users on a monthly basis and are generally payable in 120 days. We recognized an impairment loss on trade receivables of \$3.9 million for the six months ended August 31, 2021, based on our expected credit losses on \$40.7 million in total gross carrying amount of trade receivables as of August 31, 2021. There were no impairment losses on trade receivables for the six months ended August 31, 2020.

Net Finance Cost

Finance costs consist of interest expenses on borrowings and bank charges. We do not have any long-term indebtedness. Finance income consists of foreign exchange gains. Net finance cost decreased by \$18,163 or 25.8% to

\$52,194 for the six months ended August 31, 2021 compared to net finance costs of \$70,357 for the six months ended August 31, 2020.

Income Tax Expense

Our income tax expense decreased by \$2.4 million or 78.7% to \$0.6 million for the six months ended August 31, 2021, compared to \$3.0 million for the six months ended August 31, 2020. The change in income tax expense is primarily related to the utilization of capital allowances of acquired intangible assets for development of the Kratos™ platform.

Change in Fair Value of Warrant Liabilities

Outstanding warrant liabilities are remeasured to an updated fair value at each reporting period with changes in fair value recorded to “warrant liabilities” in the interim condensed consolidated statements of financial position and to “change in fair value of warrant liabilities” in the interim condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income. See “Note 14 – Warrant Liabilities” in the notes to our unaudited financial statements included in Exhibit 99.2 of this Form 6-K for a description of how the fair value of warrants are determined. We expect to incur incremental income (expense) for the fair value adjustments until warrants are either exercised or expire. At August 31, 2021 the fair value adjustment resulted in \$25.3 million of income.

Triterras Public Warrants and Private Warrants as of August 31, 2021 were valued using Level 1 and Level 2 Inputs, respectively. As a result of the delisting of the Company’s securities by Nasdaq, valuations of the Triterras Warrants, after the date of the delisting, will be valued using Level 3 inputs until such time that there is an observable market quote for the Triterras Warrants.

Non-IFRS Financial Measures

We use certain measures derived from financial data but not presented in our financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS, primarily Adjusted EBITDA*. Non-IFRS financial measures in this operating and financial review are indicated by “*”. We calculate Adjusted EBITDA* by adding net finance costs, tax expense, warrant liabilities, depreciation and amortization expense to our profit for the period. Adjusted EBITDA* is not a measurement of financial performance or liquidity under IFRS and should not be considered as an alternative to profit for the period, operating income or any other performance measures derived in accordance with IFRS or an alternative to cash flows from operating activities as a measure of liquidity. Our presentation of Adjusted EBITDA* may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies. We use Adjusted EBITDA* and related measures to facilitate company-to-company and period-to-period comparisons and reflect our core performance, because it excludes the effects of income tax expense, net finance costs, warrant liabilities, depreciation and amortization. Our management also believes that Adjusted EBITDA* and related measures are used by investors, analysts and other interested parties as measures of financial performance.

Adjusted EBITDA* is reconciled to profit for the period, its most closely comparable IFRS measure, in the table below for the periods indicated:

	Six months ended August 31, 2021	Six months ended August 31, 2020
Profit for the period	\$ 27,276,960	\$ 14,208,051
Depreciation	262,808	13,802
Amortisation of intangible assets	539,825	15,059
Amortisation of contract costs	638,555	584,722
Net finance costs	52,194	70,357
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	(25,317,732)	—
Income tax expense	643,940	3,017,443
Adjusted EBITDA*	<u>\$ 4,096,550</u>	<u>\$ 17,909,434</u>

Our Adjusted EBITDA* decreased by \$13.8 million or 77.1% to \$4.1 million for the six months ended August 31, 2021 compared to \$17.9 million for the six months ended August 31, 2020. The decrease in Adjusted EBITDA* was primarily due to an increase in general and administrative expenses as described above and a \$3.9 million impairment loss on trade receivables.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We monitor our liquidity risk and maintain a level of cash and cash equivalents, deemed adequate by management to finance our operations and to mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. We consider cash from operating activities as the principal source of cash generation for our businesses. As of the date of this filing, we believe that our cash from operations is sufficient to fund ongoing operations, including development costs for the Kratos™ platform, and other capital expenditure for at least the next 12 months.

As of August 31, 2021 and August 31, 2020 we had cash and cash equivalents of \$99.4 million and \$5.9 million, respectively. The Group's cash balances are substantially held in U.S. Dollars. As of August 31, 2021, our "trade receivables – from external customers" were \$36.9 million. Trade and other receivables are generally payable an average of 120 days following invoice generation (prior to May 2021 our payment terms were generally 90 days). Of the gross trade receivables outstanding as of August 31, 2021, 54.3% are outstanding as of the date of this Form 6-K. During the six-months ended August 31, 2021 the Group recorded an impairment loss on trade receivables of \$3.9 million. There were no impairment losses on trade receivables recorded during the six-months ended August 31, 2020. We have had, and continue to experience, delays in collection of receivables which is in large part due to liquidity issues faced by our customers because of COVID-19.

Cash Flows

The following table sets forth our cash flows for the periods indicated:

	Six months ended August 31, 2021	Six months ended August 31, 2020
Cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (10,601,422)	\$ 13,197,827
Cash used in investing activities	(23,906,394)	(7,459,003)
Cash used in financing activities	(35,790,920)	(14,629)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and equivalents	(70,298,736)	5,724,195
Cash and equivalents at beginning of period	134,025,561	165,298
Restricted cash at beginning of period	35,686,643	—
Cash and equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 99,413,468</u>	<u>\$ 5,889,493</u>

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities consists primarily of net income adjusted for noncash items, changes in working capital and income tax expense. The timing between the conversion of our trade receivables into cash from our customers and distributions to our employees and vendors are the primary drivers of changes to our working capital.

Net cash from operating activities decreased by \$23.8 million to a \$10.6 million use of cash flows for the six months ended August 31, 2021 compared to \$13.2 million provided by operating activities for the six months ended August 31, 2020. The decrease in net cash provided by operating activities is primarily due to a \$9.9 million decrease in net income after adjusting for non-cash items, and a \$16.8 million increase in the use of cash related to trade receivables. These decreases in operating cash flows were offset in part from a change in contract assets of \$5.4 million for the six months ended August 31, 2020 to zero for the six months ended August 31, 2021. We have had, and continue to experience, delays in collection of receivables which is in large part due to liquidity issues faced by our customers because of COVID-19.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities is related to development of our Kratos™ platform, business acquisitions, acquisitions of plant and equipment and other investments.

Net cash used in investing activities increased by \$16.4 million to \$23.9 million for the six months ended August 31, 2021, compared to \$7.5 million for the six months ended August 31, 2020. The increase in net cash used in investing activities is primarily related to a \$15.0 million subscription to shares of Trade Credit Partners and \$3.8 million, net of cash acquired, for IB Holdings. These increases in cash used in investing activities were offset in part by a reduction in development costs of the Kratos™ platform of \$2.6 million.

The Group made a further \$10 million payment in September 2021 to subscribe to additional shares in Trade Credit Partners. Read *Factors Affecting Our Results of Operations* above for a further explanation of the Group's investment in Trade Credit Partners. Read *Factors Affecting Our Results of Operations* above along with the *Notes to The Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements* in Exhibit 99.2 for a further explanation of the Group's investment in IB Holdings.

Financing Activities

Net cash used for financing activities was \$35.8 million for the six months ended August 31, 2021 compared to \$14,629 for the six months ended August 31, 2020. Cash used for financing activities was primarily related to \$35.6

million used for the repurchase of shares of the Company's common stock through the Company's share buyback program. The Company completed its share buyback program on April 20, 2021 having spent a total of \$49.9 million repurchasing 6,671,788 of its ordinary shares and incurring commission fees of \$133,000.

Capital Expenditures

Over the next 12 months we expect to spend \$15 million of which \$10 million will be used to subscribe to additional shares in Trade Credit Partners and \$5 million for additional development of the Kratos™ platform, most of which will be funded from cash and cash equivalents.

While we have no other capital expenditures planned for the next two years, we are an opportunistic organization and any opportunities that arise for accretive acquisitions of existing offline businesses in the commodity trading ecosystem, whose customer base could increase the growth of Kratos™, or certain technology offerings such as artificial intelligence, analytics and dashboard reporting, credit scoring and rating solutions and payment processing solutions, which would allow for additional features to be added to Kratos™, might be considered.

Contractual Obligations

On November 10, 2021, the Group extended its office lease in Singapore for another three years. With the acquisition of IB Holdings on May 20, 2021, the Group now leases office space in Dubai and during the fiscal year ended February 28, 2022 the Group entered into a lease for an office in the UK, which we are in the process of subleasing.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

None.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to us if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the statement of financial position.

Liquidity Risk

We are also exposed to liquidity risk, which is the risk that we will be unable to provide sufficient capital resources and liquidity to meet business needs. Liquidity risk is controlled by the application of financial position analysis and monitoring procedures as well as by ensuring that we have sufficient availability under trade financing facilities and receivables purchase agreements to meet our customers' needs. When necessary, we will turn to other financial institutions to obtain short-term funding to cover any liquidity shortage. We monitor our liquidity risk and maintain a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance our operations and to mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. As noted above, Nasdaq delisted the Company's Ordinary Shares and Triterras Warrants on March 14, 2022. The delisting will likely affect the liquidity of such securities and could inhibit or restrict our ability to raise additional financing, among other things.

Exchange Rate Risk

Our exposure to foreign currency risk is insignificant, as our income and expenses, assets and liabilities are substantially denominated in United States dollars ("USD"). The exposure is monitored on an ongoing basis and we endeavor to keep the net exposure limited.

Interest Rate Risk

At August 31, 2021, we did not have any significant exposure to interest rate risk as we have no material loans or borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are earning insignificant finance income.

Commodity Price Risk

We do not have any significant exposure to commodity price risk, as the Kratos™ platform facilitates commodity trades and we do not enter into any trades as principal.

Subsequent Events

In September 2021 the Group subscribed to an additional \$10 million in shares in Trade Credit Partners Ltd., a Cayman Islands exempted fund that exclusively invests in and manages trade finance assets generated from commodities trades. As of the date of this filing, our investment remains at \$25 million.

On September 21, 2021, the Group incorporated an entity, TR Receivables SPV Limited, and subscribed for 1,000 ordinary shares for \$1,000 in the aggregate.

On October 28, 2021, the Company issued a press release announcing the completion of the independent investigation where the Company's Audit Committee concluded that the allegations contained in the short report lack either factual support or material basis.

On November 2, 2021, the Group incorporated an entity, Triterras Fintech Swiss AG, and subscribed for 1,000 ordinary shares for CHF100,000 in the aggregate.

On November 10, 2021, the Group extended its office lease in Singapore for another three years.

On March 14, 2022, Nasdaq delisted the Company's Ordinary Shares and Triterras Warrants by filing a Form 25 Notification of Removal From Listing with the SEC. See "Explanatory Note—Additional Information Regarding Delisting of the Company's Securities" in the 2021 Form 20-F for additional details regarding Nasdaq's delisting of the Company's securities.

Triterras Inc. and Subsidiaries
Registration Number: 201801540M

Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Interim condensed consolidated statements of financial position

	<u>Note</u>	<u>As of August 31, 2021 (Unaudited) US\$</u>	<u>As of February 28, 2021 (Audited) US\$</u>
Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	2,174,339	1,527,260
Intangible assets	5	13,112,557	7,903,840
Goodwill	6	5,191,784	—
Contract costs	7	2,135,056	2,773,611
Other investments	8	15,000,000	—
Non-current assets		<u>37,613,736</u>	<u>12,204,711</u>
Trade receivables – external customers		36,859,543	22,853,115
Loan receivables - external customers		362,007	—
Other current assets	9	1,863,139	3,410,526
Restricted cash		—	35,686,643
Cash and cash equivalents		99,413,468	134,025,561
Current assets		<u>138,498,157</u>	<u>195,975,845</u>
Total assets		<u>176,111,893</u>	<u>208,180,556</u>
Equity			
Share capital		8,320	8,320
Additional paid-in capital		172,290,724	172,290,724
Treasury shares	10	(49,866,509)	(14,276,718)
Translation reserve		(75)	—
Retained earnings / (Accumulated losses)		15,759,430	(11,517,139)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		<u>138,191,890</u>	<u>146,505,187</u>
Non-controlling interests		391	—
Total equity		<u>138,192,281</u>	<u>146,505,187</u>
Liabilities			
Lease liabilities	11	1,374,656	868,536
Deferred tax liabilities	12	2,301,594	1,714,928
Other payables	13	1,000,000	—
Non-current liabilities		<u>4,676,250</u>	<u>2,583,464</u>
Other payables	13	10,990,238	8,668,641
Contract liabilities	15	18,146	49,124
Lease liabilities	11	352,020	260,429
Deferred income		191,271	75,848
Current tax payable		3,197,621	6,226,065
Warrants liabilities	14	18,494,066	43,811,798
Current liabilities		<u>33,243,362</u>	<u>59,091,905</u>
Total liabilities		<u>37,919,612</u>	<u>61,675,369</u>
Total equity and liabilities		<u>176,111,893</u>	<u>208,180,556</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Interim condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income (unaudited)

	<u>Note</u>	<u>Six months ended August 31, 2021 US\$</u>	<u>Six months ended August 31, 2020 US\$</u>
Revenue	15	22,878,504	23,692,234
Costs and expenses:			
Cost of revenue	16	(1,343,505)	(2,582,339)
Marketing and sales	17	(953,108)	(1,554,348)
General and administrative	18	(14,063,733)	(2,259,696)
Impairment loss on trade receivables		(3,864,116)	—
Total costs and expenses		<u>(20,224,462)</u>	<u>(6,396,383)</u>
Results from operating activities		2,654,042	17,295,851
Other income		1,320	—
Change in fair value of warrant liability		25,317,732	—
Finance income		6,538	10
Finance costs		(58,732)	(70,367)
Net finance costs		<u>(52,194)</u>	<u>(70,357)</u>
Profit before income tax		27,920,900	17,225,494
Income tax expense		(643,940)	(3,017,443)
Profit for the period		27,276,960	14,208,051
Other comprehensive income			
Foreign operations – foreign currency translation differences		(75)	—
Total comprehensive income for the period		<u>27,276,885</u>	<u>14,208,051</u>
Profit attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		27,276,569	14,208,051
Non-controlling interests		391	—
		<u>27,276,960</u>	<u>14,208,051</u>
Earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the Company			
- Basic and diluted	24	<u>0.35</u>	<u>2.84</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Interim condensed consolidated statements of changes in equity (unaudited)

	Ordinary shares	Additional paid-in capital	Treasury shares	Retained earnings/ (Accumulated loss)	Translation reserve	Non- controlling interests	Total Equity
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
As of February 29, 2020 (Audited)	5,000,100	—	—	11,369,284	—	—	16,369,384
Total comprehensive income for the period							
Profit for the period	—	—	—	14,208,051	—	—	14,208,051
Total comprehensive income for the period	—	—	—	14,208,051	—	—	14,208,051
Transactions with owner, recognised directly in equity							
Contributions by owner							
Issue of ordinary shares	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total transactions with owner	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
As of August 31, 2020	5,000,100	—	—	25,577,335	—	—	30,577,435
As of February 28, 2021 (Audited)	8,320	172,290,724	(14,276,718)	(11,517,139)	—	—	146,505,187
Total comprehensive income for the period							
Profit for the period	—	—	—	27,276,569	—	391	27,276,960
Other comprehensive income for the period	—	—	—	—	(75)	—	(75)
Total comprehensive income for the period	—	—	—	27,276,569	(75)	391	27,276,885
Transactions with owner, recognised directly in equity							
Contributions by owner							
Acquisition of treasury shares	—	—	(35,589,791)	—	—	—	(35,589,791)
Total transactions with owner	—	—	(35,589,791)	—	—	—	(35,589,791)
As of August 31, 2021	8,320	172,290,724	(49,866,509)	15,759,430	(75)	391	138,192,281

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Interim condensed consolidated statements of cash flows (unaudited)

	Note	Six months ended August 31, 2021 US\$	Six months ended August 31, 2020 US\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit for the period		27,276,960	14,208,051
Adjustments for:			
Finance costs		58,732	70,367
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	4	262,808	13,802
Amortisation of intangible assets	5	539,825	15,059
Amortisation of contract costs	7	638,555	584,722
Impairment loss on trade receivables		3,864,116	—
Income tax expense		643,940	3,017,443
Change in fair value of warrants liabilities		(25,317,732)	—
		<u>7,967,204</u>	<u>17,909,444</u>
Changes in working capital:			
Contract costs		—	(5,350,000)
Trade receivables		(17,870,544)	(1,045,444)
Loan receivables		(202,551)	—
Other current assets		1,579,054	(672,945)
Other payables		985,420	2,480,892
Contract liabilities		(30,978)	(53,753)
Deferred income		115,423	—
Cash (used in) / generated from operations		<u>(7,456,972)</u>	<u>13,268,194</u>
Income tax paid		(3,085,718)	—
Finance costs paid		(58,732)	(70,367)
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities		<u>(10,601,422)</u>	<u>13,197,827</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Acquisition of plant and equipment		(174,557)	(1,274)
Development expenditure		(4,904,460)	(7,457,729)
Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired		(3,827,377)	—
Acquisition of other investments		(15,000,000)	—
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(23,906,394)</u>	<u>(7,459,003)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Lease payment		(171,038)	(11,658)
Interest paid		(30,091)	(2,971)
Repurchase of own shares		(35,589,791)	—
Net cash used in financing activities		<u>(35,790,920)</u>	<u>(14,629)</u>
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		<u>(70,298,736)</u>	<u>5,724,195</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		134,025,561	165,298
Restricted cash at beginning of the period		35,686,643	—
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period		<u>99,413,468</u>	<u>5,889,493</u>

Significant non-cash transactions

During the six months ended August 31, 2020, the Group entered into the following significant non-cash transactions, respectively:

- Offsetting arrangement with a related corporation for non-trade balances amounting to US\$1,417,898.
- Offsetting arrangement with its external customers for trade balances amounting to US\$1,501,007.

No offsetting arrangement has taken place during the six months ended August 31, 2021.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements

These notes form an integral part of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on April 20, 2022.

1 Overview of the Company

Triterras, Inc. (the “Company”), incorporated in the Cayman Islands, is an investment holding company and the principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (the “Group”) are those relating to financial technology platform solutions using innovative blockchain-enabled technology which facilitate trading and trade finance for small and medium sized enterprises.

The Company’s immediate holding company as of August 31, 2021 is Symphonia Strategic Opportunities Limited, a company incorporated in Mauritius. Symphonia Strategic Opportunities is fully owned by an individual shareholder.

The registered office of the Company is Maples Corporate Services Limited, PO Box 309, Umland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands.

2 Basis of preparation

2.1 Basis of compilation

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements as at August 31, 2021 and for the six months ended August 31, 2021 and 2020 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) - IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* as issued by International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”).

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements. Interim results of operations are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full fiscal year for any future period. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Group’s audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended February 28, 2021.

2.2 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The Directors have assessed the Group’s ability to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and are satisfied that it is appropriate to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

The significant judgements made by management in applying the Group’s accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as described in the last annual financial statements.

3 Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies applied in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements are the same as those applied in the Group’s financial statements as of and for the year ended February 28, 2021.

A number of new standards are effective for annual periods beginning after March 1, 2021 and earlier application is permitted; however, the Group has not early adopted the new or amended standards in preparing these consolidated financial statements.

The following new and amended standards are not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements:

- COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (Amendment to IFRS 16).
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020.
- Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments to IAS 16).
- Reference to Conceptual Framework (Amendments to IFRS 3).
- Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (Amendments to IAS 1).
- IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts and amendments to IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts.
- Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2).
- Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments to IAS 8).

4 Property, plant and equipment

	<u>Office equipment</u>	<u>Fixtures and fittings</u>	<u>Motor Vehicles</u>	<u>Right-of-use assets</u>	<u>Total</u>
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
Cost					
As of February 29, 2020	3,854	—	—	—	3,854
Additions	28,918	258,360	156,402	1,229,376	1,673,056
As of February 28, 2021	32,772	258,360	156,402	1,229,376	1,676,910
Additions	51,819	122,738	—	735,330	909,887
As of August 31, 2021	<u>84,591</u>	<u>381,098</u>	<u>156,402</u>	<u>1,964,706</u>	<u>2,586,797</u>
Accumulated depreciation					
As of February 29, 2020	2,355	—	—	—	2,355
Depreciation for the period	4,315	3,589	23,460	115,931	147,295
As of February 28, 2021	6,670	3,589	23,460	115,931	149,650
Depreciation for the period	12,080	54,278	23,460	172,990	262,808
As of August 31, 2021	<u>18,750</u>	<u>57,867</u>	<u>46,920</u>	<u>288,921</u>	<u>412,458</u>
Carrying amounts					
As of February 28, 2021	<u>26,102</u>	<u>254,771</u>	<u>132,942</u>	<u>1,113,445</u>	<u>1,527,260</u>
As of August 31, 2021	<u>65,841</u>	<u>323,231</u>	<u>109,482</u>	<u>1,675,785</u>	<u>2,174,339</u>

Property, plant and equipment include right-of-use assets of US\$1,675,785 and US\$1,113,445 and corresponding lease liabilities of US\$1,720,363 and US\$1,128,965 related to rental of its office premises entered into during the period ended August 31, 2021 and February 28, 2021, respectively.

5 Intangible assets

	<u>IT platform</u>	<u>Software</u>	<u>License</u>	<u>Development costs</u>	<u>Total</u>
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
Cost					
As of February 29, 2020	300,149	—	—	—	300,149
Additions	9,457,562	—	—	204,448	9,662,010
Reclassification to IT platform	186,317	—	—	(186,317)	—
As of February 28, 2021	9,944,028	—	—	18,131	9,962,159
Additions	—	3,200,000	—	1,704,460	4,904,460
Acquired through business combination	—	801,287	42,795	—	844,082
As of August 31, 2021	<u>9,944,028</u>	<u>4,001,287</u>	<u>42,795</u>	<u>1,722,591</u>	<u>15,710,701</u>
Accumulated amortisation					
As of February 29, 2020	9,172	—	—	—	9,172
Amortisation for the period	141,644	—	—	—	141,644
Impairment loss	1,907,503	—	—	—	1,907,503
As of February 28, 2021	2,058,319	—	—	—	2,058,319
Amortisation for the period	511,688	26,710	1,427	—	539,825
As of August 31, 2021	<u>2,570,007</u>	<u>26,710</u>	<u>1,427</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>2,598,144</u>
Carrying amounts					
As of February 28, 2021	<u>7,885,709</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>18,131</u>	<u>7,903,840</u>
As of August 31, 2021	<u>7,374,021</u>	<u>3,974,577</u>	<u>41,368</u>	<u>1,722,591</u>	<u>13,112,557</u>

During the six months ended August 31, 2021 and the year ended February 28, 2021, cost incurred amounted to nil and US\$186,317, respectively of development expenditures for the Kratos™ platform has been capitalized from the point in time the development of the platform becomes technically feasible.

6 Goodwill

During the period ended August 31, 2021, the Group completed a business acquisition that was not material to our consolidated financial statements, either individually or in the aggregate. Accordingly, pro forma historical results of operations related to the business acquisition during the period ended August 31, 2021 have not been presented. The Group has included the financial results of the business acquisition in the consolidated financial statements from the respective date of acquisition.

Goodwill generated from the business acquisition completed during the period ended August 31, 2021 was primarily attributable to expected synergies from future growth and potential monetization opportunities. The amount of goodwill generated during this period that was deductible for tax purposes was not material.

7 Contract costs

	<u>As of</u> <u>August 31, 2021</u>	<u>As of</u> <u>February 28, 2021</u>
	US\$	US\$
Capitalised contract assets (net)	<u>2,135,056</u>	<u>2,773,611</u>

The movements in capitalized contract costs were as follows:

	As of August 31, 2021 US\$	As of February 28, 2021 US\$
Balance as of beginning of financial period / year	2,773,611	—
Contract assets acquired	—	5,350,000
Amortisation to marketing and sales expenses	(638,555)	(1,153,831)
Contract assets refunded	—	(322,558)
Impairment loss	—	(1,100,000)
Balance as of end of period/year	<u>2,135,056</u>	<u>2,773,611</u>

The Group has entered into an agreement with an external party to pay commission fees for every successful customer referral upon signing of the subscription agreement of 3 years. These costs are capitalized as it is directly attributable to obtaining a customer's contract and the Group expects to recover these costs. The contract costs are amortised over the subscription period of 3 years.

The Group performs impairment assessment annually at the end of each financial year. In prior financial year ended February 28, 2021, the Group recognized an impairment loss of US\$1,100,000 based on the recoverability of the remaining balance due to existing conditions.

8 Other investments

During the period ended August 31, 2021, the Group subscribed to the shares in Trade Credit Partners Ltd., a Cayman Islands exempted fund ("the Fund") that exclusively invests in and manages trade finance assets for the sum of US\$15 million.

The Fund was formed to pool investment funds of its shareholders for the purpose of originating receivable purchases and/or advance payment transactions with commodity traders and investing in trade claims and receivables generated from commodity trades. As part of its investment strategy, the Fund will target exporter and/or trading clients located outside the United States who are underserved by traditional sources of trade finance. The Fund may seek out insured receivable, advance payment, and/or generally trade finance, or trade and structured finance investments. Additionally, the Fund may purchase under-performing receivables, on a discounted basis, from banks or other creditors. The Fund may also purchase receivables which are discovered or originated via blockchain-enabled trade finance and/or commodity trading technology platforms.

Subsequently in September 2021, the Group subscribed a further US\$10 million into the Fund.

The subscription to the shares does not provide the Group control over the Fund. The investment is designated and measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) because its performance is monitored and managed on a fair value basis.

The fair value measurements for the investment have been categorized as Level 3 fair values based on the inputs to the valuation techniques used. Fair value measurement will be performed on a quarterly basis.

9 Other current assets

	As of August 31, 2021 US\$	As of February 28, 2021 US\$
Other receivables	822,933	490,631
Prepayments	1,040,206	2,919,895
	<u>1,863,139</u>	<u>3,410,526</u>

Prepayments relate to payment made in advance on professional services not received.

10 Treasury shares

On January 18, 2021, the Company announced a share repurchase program of up to US\$50,000,000 of the Company's shares. 1,831,532 shares have been repurchased and recognised as treasury shares as of February 28, 2021. Subsequent to financial year end on April 20, 2021, the Company completed its share repurchase program, having spent a total of \$49.9 million repurchasing 6,671,788 of its ordinary shares and incurring commission fees of \$133,000.

11 Lease liability

	<u>As of</u> <u>August 31, 2021</u>	<u>As of</u> <u>February 28, 2021</u>
	US\$	US\$
Non-current liability		
Lease liability	1,374,656	868,536
Current liability		
Lease liability	352,020	260,429

In determining the right-of-use asset, the Group used an interest rate of 5.25%

The lease relates to the office lease which was entered into during the current period and previous financial year. The lease will expire by end of 2021 with an option to renew for another 3 years. The Group expects to renew the office lease by the end of expiry.

Subsequent to the end of the financial period, the Group extended the lease for another 3 years.

Right-of-use assets related to leased properties that do not meet the definition of investment property are presented as property, plant and equipment (see Note 4).

Amounts recognized in profit and loss

	<u>Six months ended</u> <u>August 31,</u> <u>2021</u>	<u>Six months ended</u> <u>August 31,</u> <u>2020</u>
	US\$	US\$
Depreciation on lease liability	172,990	13,089
Interest on lease liability	29,890	2,971

12 Deferred tax liabilities

Recognised deferred tax liabilities

Deferred tax liabilities are attributable to the following:

	<u>As of</u> <u>August 31, 2021</u>	<u>As of</u> <u>February 28, 2021</u>
	US\$	US\$
Intangible assets	2,254,594	1,667,928
Plant and equipment	47,000	47,000
	<u>2,301,594</u>	<u>1,714,928</u>

Movement in deferred tax liabilities

	As of February 28, 2021 US\$	Recognised in profit or loss US\$	As of August 31, 2021 US\$
Intangible assets	1,667,928	586,666	2,254,594
Plant and equipment	47,000	—	47,000
	<u>1,714,928</u>	<u>586,666</u>	<u>2,301,594</u>

13 Other payables

	As of August 31, 2021 US\$	As of February 28, 2021 US\$
Non-current		
Contingent consideration	1,000,000	—
Current		
Accruals	6,133,172	6,726,147
Provisions	1,296,972	1,750,000
Contingent consideration	1,000,000	—
Other payables	2,560,094	192,494
	<u>10,990,238</u>	<u>8,668,641</u>

Accruals mainly relate to legal and professional fees accrued for the period.

Other payables mainly relate to legal fees payable for the period.

Contingent consideration relates to acquisition made during the year on Invoice Bazaar Group subject to certain revenue milestones.

14 Warrants liabilities

As of August 31, 2021, the Company had 25,300,000 public warrants and 681,000 private warrants outstanding.

Pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement, the outstanding warrants of Netfin to purchase a Class A Share were assumed by the Company on identical terms. The warrants entitle the holder to purchase one ordinary share of the Company at an exercise price of US\$11.50 per share at any time on or after 30 days after the Business Combination and on or prior to 5 years after the date on which the Company completes the Business Combination.

The Company determined that these warrants are puttable for cash upon a fundamental transaction at the option of the holder and as such required classification as a liability. The outstanding warrants are recognised as a warrant liability on the statement of financial position and are measured at their inception date fair value and subsequently re-measured at each reporting period with changes being recorded as component of other income/(loss) in profit or loss.

The fair value of warrant liabilities was measured using the Black-Scholes model. Significant inputs into the model at the inception and reporting period measurement dates are as follows (exercise and stock price in US\$):

	As of August 31, 2021	As of February 28, 2021
Exercise price (1)	15.00	15.00
Stock price (2)	5.06	7.13
Expected life (years)	4.19	4.70
Volatility (3)	46.67 %	42.03 %
Risk-free interest rate (4)	0.97 %	0.68 %
Dividend yield	0.0 %	0.0 %

(1) Based on the terms provided in the warrant agreement dated July 30, 2019.

(2) Based on the trading value of common stock of Triterras, Inc. as of each presented period ending date.

(3) Based on Peer Volatility Analysis over each respective remaining contractual term.

(4) Based on published US Treasury spot rates as of each presented period ending date and correspond with the remaining contractual term.

The following table presents the changes in fair value of warrant liabilities:

	Public US\$	Private placement US\$	Warrant liabilities US\$
Initial measurement as of November 10, 2021	66,792,000	3,131,483	69,923,483
Change in valuation inputs	<u>(24,035,000)</u>	<u>(2,076,685)</u>	<u>(26,111,685)</u>
Fair value as of February 28, 2021	<u>42,757,000</u>	<u>1,054,798</u>	<u>43,811,798</u>
Fair value as of February 28, 2021	42,757,000	1,054,798	43,811,798
Change in valuation inputs	<u>(24,794,114)</u>	<u>(523,618)</u>	<u>(25,317,732)</u>
Fair value as of August 31, 2021	<u>17,962,886</u>	<u>531,180</u>	<u>18,494,066</u>

The public warrants are considered Level 1 liabilities in the fair value hierarchy as the determination of fair value is obtained from an observable market quote in an active market under the ticker TRITW. The quoted prices of the public warrants as of August 31, 2021 and February 28, 2021 were US\$0.71 and US\$1.69, respectively.

The private placement warrants are considered Level 2 liabilities in the fair value hierarchy as the determination of fair value includes various assumptions about future activities, the Company's stock prices and historical volatility as inputs. The fair value of the private warrants as of August 31, 2021 and February 28, 2021 were US\$0.78 and US\$1.55, respectively.

As of August 31, 2021, none of the warrants have been exercised.

15 Revenue

This represents revenue arising from the Group's contracts with customers for license fees, platform service fees and interest income.

	Six months ended August 31, 2021	Six months ended August 31, 2020
	US\$	US\$
License fees	10,979	11,855
Platform service fees		
- Trade discovery sub-module	8,837,909	12,273,745
- Trade finance sub-module	14,001,928	11,406,634
- Invoice Bazaar	13,459	—
Interest income	14,229	—
	<u>22,878,504</u>	<u>23,692,234</u>

License fees

Nature of services

The license fees charged provide customers the rights to access the platform, where customers can obtain the economic benefits by transacting on the platform from the point the access rights were given to the customers. License fees are agreed upon signing of sales contracts and are non-refundable.

Revenue recognition

License fees are recognised over time of the contract period of 12 months because the customers are being provided with the right to use the platform as it exists throughout the period.

Significant payment terms

Invoices for license fees are generated after each successful sign-up on the platform. Credit terms are generally 90 days (in May 2021 we extended our payment term to 120 days).

Platform service fees – Trade Discovery sub-module

Nature of services

The platform enables the customers to connect to other counterparties to perform trade transactions. Sales contracts are entered with the customers before onboarding the customers to commence trading. The fees charged are calculated based on the percentage fee agreed in the contract and actual volume of trade transactions.

Revenue recognition

Platform service fees are recognised at the point in time where the trades are completed on the platform (i.e., trade has been transacted and both buyers and sellers have acknowledged the trades on the platform). Each completed trade constitutes a single performance obligation, as the platform serves as a commonplace to connect the buyer and seller to execute the trade. Transaction price is determined based on total trade transaction value and fee agreed in the sales contract.

Significant payment terms

Non-refundable advances are collected from customers upon entering into the sales agreement. These advances will be utilised to offset against fee collection on future completed trade transactions on the platform.

Invoices are generated at the end of each month for all completed trades. The invoice amount is first offset with the advances previously collected and the remaining balance is payable with credit terms of 90 days (in May 2021 we extended our payment term to 120 days).

Platform service fees – trade finance sub-module

Nature of services

The platform enables the customers to connect to other counterparties to obtain trade financing from lenders. Sales contracts are entered with the customers before onboarding the customers to commence trading. The fees charged are calculated based on the percentage fee agreed in the contract and total approved funding.

Revenue recognition

Platform service fees are recognised at the point in time when funding is provided to the borrowers on the platform (i.e. lender has disbursed the loan funding to the borrower and the borrower has acknowledged the loan funding on the platform). Each completed trade constitutes a single performance obligation, as the platform serves as a commonplace to connect the borrower and lender to execute the trade. Transaction price is determined based on total approved fund value and fee agreed in the sales contract.

Significant payment terms

Non-refundable advances are collected from customers upon entering into the sales agreement. These advances will be utilised to offset against fee collection on future completed trade transactions on the platform.

Invoices are generated at the end of each month for all completed trades. The invoice amount is first offset with the advances previously collected and the remaining balance is payable with credit terms of 90 days (in May 2021 we extended our payment term to 120 days).

Platform service fees – Invoice Bazaar

Nature of services

The platform enables the customer to connect to the buyers and/or suppliers to obtain supply chain financing from the customer. Sales contracts are entered with the customer before onboarding the customers to enter into the supply chain finance transaction. The fees charged are calculated based on the agreed fee for each transaction in the agreement.

Revenue recognition

Platform service fees are recognised at the point in time where the transactions are completed on the platform (i.e. supply chain financing has been transacted and both customer and buyer or supplier have acknowledged the transactions on the platform). Each completed transaction constitutes a single performance obligation, as the platform serves as a commonplace to connect the customer and buyers or suppliers to execute the supply chain finance transaction. Transaction price is determined based on total transaction amount and fee agreed in the service agreement.

Significant payment terms

Invoices are generated at the end of each month for all completed transactions. Credit terms are generally around 10 days.

Interest income

Nature of services

Interest income is generated through an interest charged on provisioning of loans advances through supply chain financing, invoice discounting and e-commerce finance arrangements. Interests are agreed upon signing of sales contracts.

Revenue recognition

Interest income is recognized in profit or loss using the effective interest method, over the period of the loan during which the service is provided or credit risk is undertaken. Transaction price is determined based on the interest fee and facility amount agreed in the sales contracts.

Significant payment terms

Credit terms of loans advances and interest income can be up to 5 months.

Contract balances

The following table provides information about receivables and contract liabilities from contracts with customers.

	As of August 31, 2021	As of February 28, 2021
	US\$	US\$
Trade receivables	36,859,543	22,853,115
Contract liabilities	(18,146)	(49,124)

Contract liabilities relate to advances collected from customers upon sign-up as part of the license fees billed and license fees deferred, as revenue is recognised over the contract terms of 12 to 36 months.

16 Cost of revenue

	Six months ended August 31, 2021	Six months ended August 31, 2020
	US\$	US\$
Operation of IT platform	1,110,473	2,563,371
Cloud management services	233,032	18,968
	<u>1,343,505</u>	<u>2,582,339</u>

Cost of revenue consists primarily of expenses associated with delivery of the IT platform and services. These include expenses related to operation of the IT platform, cloud management service fees and bandwidth costs. Amortization of \$539,825 (2020: \$15,059) was included under operation of IT platform.

17 Marketing and sales

	Note	Six months ended August 31, 2021	Six months ended August 31, 2020
		US\$	US\$
Marketing and promotional expenditures		233,813	1,884
Consultancy services relating to business development		80,740	967,742
Amortisation of contract costs	7	638,555	584,722
		<u>953,108</u>	<u>1,554,348</u>

18 General and administrative

The following items have been included in arriving at general and administrative expenses:

	Six months ended August 31, 2021 US\$	Six months ended August 31, 2020 US\$
Management fees	—	1,559,235
Legal fees	5,165,416	—
Professional fees	335,155	223,697
Consultancy fees	1,589,966	182,093
Staff cost	5,754,346	241,588
Directors and committee fees	604,166	—
Travelling expenses	24,898	—
Depreciation	262,808	13,802

Management fees primarily relate to staff costs, accounting and administrative support services and office space recharges from related parties.

19 Business combinations

On May 20, 2021, the Group entered into a Share Purchase Agreement (the “Purchase Agreement”) to acquire all of the outstanding share capital of IB Holdings Ltd (“Invoice Bazaar”), a privately-held United Arab Emirates-based supply chain finance company with operations in the United Arab Emirates and offices in Dubai and India, along with all of the share capital of Techfin Solutions FZCO (“Techfin”), a 99%-owned subsidiary of IB Holdings, and 49% ownership interest in Invoice Bazaar Forfeiting Services LLC (JV of IB Holdings). The Invoice Bazaar platform allows the Group to provide an alternative form of financing on the Kratos™ platform which we believe will increase utilization of the Kratos™ platform by entering into new markets and diversify our innovative offerings.

Pursuant to the Purchase Agreement, the Group agreed to acquire all of the shares of Invoice Bazaar for up to US\$8.0 million dollars funded by cash on hand. The purchase price is structured as follows: (i) an initial cash payment of US\$4.0 million, (ii) deferred cash consideration of US\$2.0 million payable in two US\$1.0 million tranches upon the earlier of each of the first and second anniversary of the initial cash payment, or the achievement of cumulative revenue milestones and (iii) up to US\$2.0 million in earn-out consideration, subject to achievement of certain revenue milestones and continued service with IB Holdings of certain members of the IB Holdings’ founding team. The Invoice Bazaar Sellers will be additionally entitled to receive a portion of the proceeds of any sale of e-commerce business by the Company within 24 months of the closing of the Acquisition.

Considerations transferred

The following table summarizes the acquisition date fair value of the purchase consideration transferred:

	US\$
Cash	4,000,000
Contingent consideration	2,000,000
Total purchase consideration	6,000,000

Contingent consideration

Contingent consideration made up of the components below, is recorded in other payables in the statement of financial position:

Payable on first anniversary or the achievement of cumulative revenue milestones	1,000,000
Payable on second anniversary or the achievement of cumulative revenue milestones	1,000,000
Earn-out (as described below)	—

The Group has agreed to pay the selling shareholders in 2 years' time additional consideration of up to \$4,000,000 if the acquiree's cumulative revenue over the next 2 years exceeds certain revenue milestones. \$1,000,000 will be paid on the completion of the first and second year when the acquiree achieved a cumulative revenue of \$800,000 for each respective year. The earn-out of \$2,000,000 will be paid when the acquiree achieved cumulative revenue of US\$10,000,000 within the next 2 years.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed

The following table summarizes the estimated fair values of Invoice Bazaar assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the acquisition date:

US\$

Intangible assets	844,082
Loan receivables	159,456
Cash and cash equivalents	172,623
Other current assets	31,667
Non-controlling interests	(31,979)
Other payables	(399,612)
Total identifiable net assets acquired	776,237

Measurement of fair values

The valuation techniques used for measuring the fair value of material assets acquired were as follows:

Assets acquired

Valuation technique

Intangible assets Relief-from-royalty method and multi-period excess earnings method: The relief-from-royalty method considers the discounted estimated royalty payments that are expected to be avoided as a result of the patents being owned. The multi-period excess earnings method considers the present value of net cash flows expected to be generated by the customer relationships, by excluding any cash flows related to contributory assets.

Loan receivables comprise gross contractual amounts due of US\$159,456, of which the full amount was expected to be collectable at the date of acquisition.

If new information obtained within one year of the date of acquisition about facts and circumstances that existed at the date of acquisition identifies adjustments to the above amounts, or any additional provisions that existed at the date of acquisition, then the accounting for the acquisition will be revised.

Goodwill

Goodwill arising from the acquisition has been recognized as follows:

	US\$
Purchase consideration	6,000,000
Non-controlling interest, based on their proportionate interest in the recognised amounts of the assets and liabilities of IB	(31,979)
Fair value of identifiable net assets	<u>(776,237)</u>
Goodwill	<u><u>5,191,784</u></u>

Goodwill is not expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

Amortization expense of US\$28,136 related to these intangible assets was recorded for the six months ended August 31, 2021.

In connection with this acquisition the Group incurred US\$227,067 of acquisition related expenses recorded in general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the six months ended August 31, 2021.

For the six months ended August 31, 2021 Invoice Bazaar contributed US\$27,688 and US\$250,100 of revenue and comprehensive loss, respectively.

20 Significant related party transactions

For the purpose of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

During the financial period, in addition to disclosures made elsewhere in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements, there were the following significant related party transactions undertaken on terms as agreed between the parties in the normal course of business:

	Six months ended August 31, 2021 US\$	Six months ended August 31, 2020 US\$
Sale of services		
- Related companies	—	3,664,185
	—	3,664,185
	Six months ended August 31, 2021 US\$	Six months ended August 31, 2020 US\$
Management fees		
- Related companies	—	1,559,235
	—	1,559,235

Sales of services provided to related parties during the year refer to Antanium Resources Pte. Ltd. and its subsidiaries. All outstanding balances with related parties are priced on an arm's length basis and were fully settled in the prior financial year.

21 Financial risk management

Set out below is an overview of financial instruments, held by the Group as of August 31, 2021 and August 31, 2020:

	Fair value through profit or loss	Amortised cost	Total carrying amount
	US\$	US\$	US\$
As at 31 August 2021			
Financial assets			
Other investments	15,000,000	—	15,000,000
Trade receivables	—	36,859,543	36,859,543
Loan receivables	—	362,007	362,007
Other current assets#	—	822,933	822,933
Cash and cash equivalents	—	99,413,468	99,413,468
	<u>15,000,000</u>	<u>137,457,951</u>	<u>152,457,951</u>
Financial liabilities			
Other payables*	—	10,693,266	10,693,266
Warrants liabilities	18,494,066	—	18,494,066
Lease liabilities	—	1,726,676	1,726,676
	<u>18,494,066</u>	<u>12,419,942</u>	<u>30,914,008</u>
As at February 28, 2021			
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	—	22,853,115	22,853,115
Other current assets#	—	490,631	490,631
Cash and cash equivalents	—	169,712,204	169,712,204
	<u>—</u>	<u>193,055,950</u>	<u>193,055,950</u>
Financial liabilities			
Other payables*	—	1,788,641	1,788,641
Warrants liabilities	43,811,798	—	43,811,798
Lease liabilities	—	1,086,374	1,086,374
	<u>43,811,798</u>	<u>2,875,015</u>	<u>46,686,813</u>

exclude prepayments

* exclude provisions and advances

22 Operating segment

The Group has only one operating segment, namely the trading platform business, the details of which are set out below:

Trading platform business – Engage customers to trade on the platform where the Group earns a fee based on the percentage agreed in the sales contract. Fees charged are based on total trading volume or total approved funds.

Geographical information

Revenue

	Six months ended August 31, 2021	Six months ended August 31, 2020
	US\$	US\$
United Arab Emirates	21,447,380	2,482,340
Singapore	1,408,970	11,451,052
Hong Kong	20,425	5,213,158
Malaysia	1,562	2,817,313
Other countries	167	1,728,371
	<u>22,878,504</u>	<u>23,692,234</u>

The revenue information of continuing operations above is based on the location of the customers' country of incorporation.

Non-current assets

All material non-current assets of continuing operations above are based in Singapore.

23 Earnings per share

The basic earnings per share is calculated as the Group's profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the Group divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares of the Company in issue during the period.

The Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the period. The warrants are anti-dilutive.

	Six months ended August 31, 2021	Six months ended August 31, 2020
	US\$	US\$
Profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the Group	<u>27,276,569</u>	<u>14,208,051</u>
	<u>No. of shares</u>	<u>No. of shares</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period	<u>77,011,297</u>	<u>5,000,100</u>
	<u>US\$</u>	<u>US\$</u>
Basic and diluted earnings per share	<u>0.35</u>	<u>2.84</u>

24 Subsequent events

In September 2021 the Group subscribed to additional shares in Trade Credit Partners Ltd., a Cayman Islands exempted fund that exclusively invests in and manages trade finance assets generated from commodities trades which brings the Group's total investment to \$25 million.

On September 21, 2021, the Group incorporated an entity, TR Receivables SPV Limited, and subscribed for 1,000 ordinary shares for a consideration of US\$1,000.

On November 2, 2021, the Group incorporated an entity, Triterras Fintech Swiss AG, and subscribed for 1,000 ordinary shares for a consideration of CHF100,000.

On October 28, 2021, the Company issued a press release announcing the completion of the independent investigation where the Company's Audit Committee concluded that the allegations contained in the short report lack either factual support or material basis.

On November 10, 2021, the Group extended its office lease in Singapore for another three years.

On March 14, 2022, Nasdaq delisted the Company's Ordinary Shares and Public Warrants by filing a Form 25 Notification of Removal From Listing with the SEC.